



KMCT
COLLEGE OF NURSING

Recognized by Indian Nursing Council & Kerala Nurses and
Midwives Council & affiliated to Kerala University of Health Sciences

TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that the information in the attachment documents is
verified by me and is true to the best of my knowledge.





KMCT
COLLEGE OF NURSING

Recognized by Indian Nursing Council & Kerala Nurses and
Midwives Council & affiliated to Kerala University of Health Sciences

2.5.4

Test retest paper

Manassery



KMCT Medical College Campus, Manassery, Mukkom, Kozhikode-673602, Kerala

Phone: +91 495 2293040, Fax: +91 495 2295040

Email: nursing@kmct.edu.in Website: <https://www.kmctnursingcollege.org/>



KMCT

COLLEGE OF NURSING

Recognized by Indian Nursing Council & Kerala Nurses and Midwives Council & affiliated to Kerala University of Health Sciences

Sergalante (2)
60

* Social (1) *
* Sociology *

1. society (1)
2. culture (1)
3. August Comte (1)
4. a society (1)
5. community (1)
6. family (1)
7. secondary socialization (1)
8. socialization (1)
9. non-agricultural (1)
10. pre-culture (1)
11. religious group (1)
12. 1939 (1)
13. * Sociology *

Society

Sociology is a social club of social sciences. It is the study of ~~society~~ scientific study of society.

Latin { Socius: companion, association.
 Greek { Logos: study of
 word { Father of sociology: August Comte

* Sociology is a social science not an applied science





RETEST

Sydan. H. no
60

* Sociology *



7. Define socialization is the learning of social values and values by its members.

* define.

"Socialization" is the process by which an individual learns to conform to the norms of the group

- W.P. Ogburn

* Importance.

- * help to develop self identity.
- * essential for individual survival and their development.
- * It trains individual to perform social process and observe basic discipline.
- * It helps members to support and maintain social structure.
- * help to maintain the social order.

* Characteristics.

- * It is required formally and informally.
- * It is an equilibrium of gradual continuous process.
- * It is a product of interact between heredity and environment.
- * often predictable.
- * It is unique process.

* Stages of socialization

1. Infant socialization.

→ 1st stage of socialization

upto age of 3-4 years the childrens world are limited to family alone.

→ During this stage family is main source of socialization.

→ child learn to walk, eat, utter words.

2. Child socialization

→ During this stage child come in contact with other family.



13
25

Vausha Mohanan.
1st sem Bsc. Nursing
Sociology.
89.

Vausha

1) (a) Marriage b/w close blood relatives?
(a) Levirate (b) Experimental (c) Sororal
(d) Consanguous.

(b) Under which of the following marriage laws, are people from a different religion, caste or community allowed to get married subject to fulfillment of certain condition

(a) The Hindu (b) Muslim (c) Christian
(d) Special marriage act.

(c) Based on size, family can be classified as

(a) Conjugal & consanguous
(b) Matrilineal & patrilineal
(c) Matrilinal & patrilineal
(d) Nuclear & joint.

2) List down types of family.

3) (a) Define family

(b) List down the functions of family.

(c) Explain the influence of family on health & health practices.

4) (a) Forms of marriage.

(b) Advantages and disadvantages of nuclear family.

RETEST

18/12

Vausha Mohanan.
1st sem BSc. Nursing
Sociology -
89.

18/12
20

- 1) Define family? List down the functions of family? Explain the influence on family on health & health practices?
- 2) Types of family?
- 3) Legislation on marriage?

Answers.

2) Types of family.

⇒ Based on size and structure.

- 1) Nuclear family.
- 2) Joint family.
- 3) Extended family.

⇒ Based on residence.

- 1) Patrilocal.
- 2) Matrilocal.

⇒ Based on ancestry.

- 1) Matrilineal.
- 2) Patrilineal.